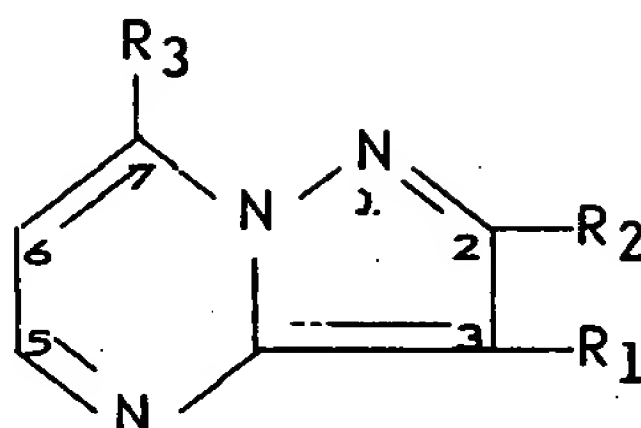


What is claimed is:

1. A compound of the formula:

TO 320X

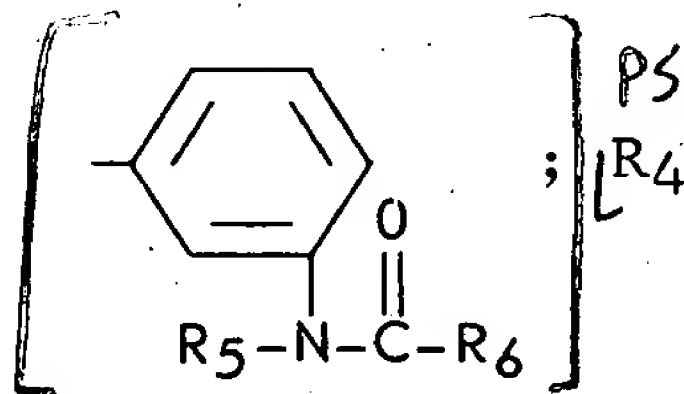


PS

wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of

hydrogen, halogen, cyano and  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ -\text{C}-\text{R}_4 \end{array} \right]$  PS  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl( $C_{1-3}$ );  $R_3$  is

TO 322X



;  $R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of

hydrogen, alkyl( $C_{1-6}$ ) and alkoxy( $C_{1-6}$ );  $R_5$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl( $C_{1-6}$ ), alkenyl( $C_{2-6}$ ),  $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ , cycloalkyl( $C_{3-6}$ )methyl,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$  and  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$ ; and  $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl( $C_{1-6}$ ), cycloalkyl( $C_{3-6}$ ),  $-\text{O}-\text{alkyl}(C_{1-6})$ ,  $-\text{NH}-\text{alkyl}(C_{1-3})$ ,  $-\text{N}-\text{dialkyl}(C_{1-3})$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{O}-\text{alkyl}(C_{1-3})$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{NH}-\text{alkyl}(C_{1-3})$  and  $-(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{N}-\text{dialkyl}(C_{1-3})$ , where  $n$  is an integer 1 to 3 inclusive.

2. A compound according to Claim 1, wherein

$R_1$  is cyano or  $\left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ -\text{C}-\text{R}_4 \end{array} \right]$  PS  $R_2$  is hydrogen;  $R_4$  is alkyl( $C_{1-6}$ ), alkenyl( $C_{2-6}$ ) or  $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ ; and  $R_6$  is alkyl( $C_{1-6}$ ), cycloalkyl( $C_{3-6}$ ) or  $-\text{O}-\text{alkyl}(C_{1-6})$ .

3. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]N-ethylpropanamide.

4. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide.

5. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide.

6. The compound according to Claim 2, which is [3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]methyl-carbamic acid, methyl ester.

7. The compound according to Claim 2, which is 7-[3-[(methoxycarbonyl)methylamino]phenyl]pyrazolo-[1,5-a]pyrimidine-3-carboxylic acid, ethyl ester.

8. The compound according to Claim 2, which is [3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]ethylcarbamic acid, methyl ester.

9. The compound according to Claim 2, which is ethyl(3-pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-ylphenyl)carbamic acid, ethyl ester.

10. The compound according to Claim 2, which is [3-(3-chloropyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]ethyl-carbamic acid, ethyl ester.

11. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]-N-2-propenylacetamide.

12. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]-N-2-propynylacetamide.

13. The compound according to Claim 2, which is N-[3-(3-cyanopyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-7-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide.

14. A method of ameliorating anxiety in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an amount of a compound of Claim 1 sufficient to reduce anxiety.

15. A method of treating epilepsy in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an anticonvulsive amount of a compound of Claim 1.

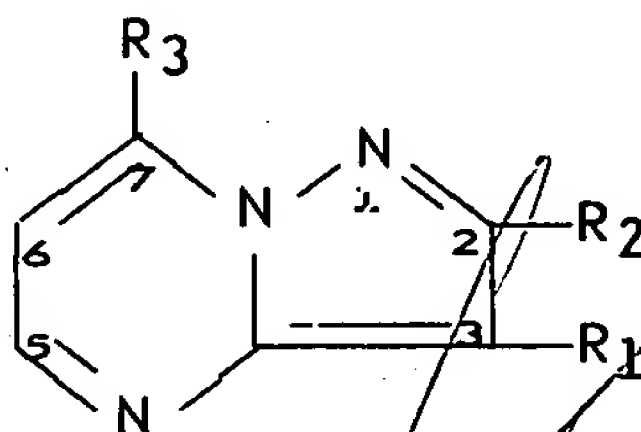
NP  
NK

16. A method of inducing sedation or hypnosis in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an amount of a compound of Claim 1 sufficient to effect sedation or hypnosis.

17. A method of inducing skeletal muscle relaxation in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an amount of a compound of Claim 1 sufficient to relax skeletal muscles.

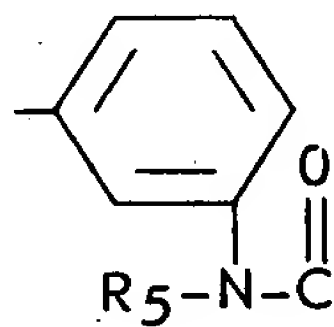
18. A composition of matter in dosage unit form comprising from 2-750 mg of a compound of Claim 1 in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

19. A process for producing a compound of the formula:



wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

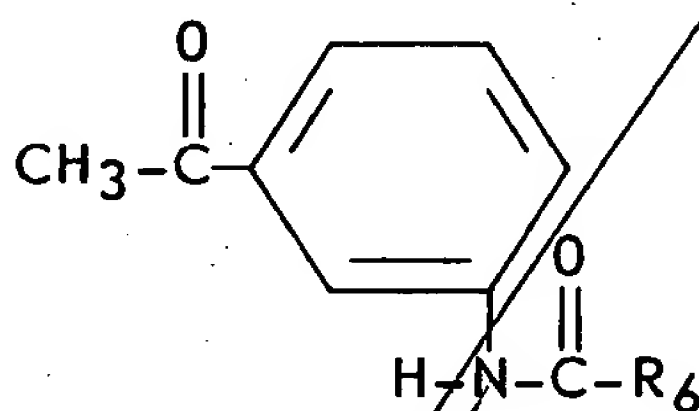
hydrogen, halogen, cyano and  $\text{-C(=O)-R}_4$ ; R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>); R<sub>3</sub> is



; R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

hydrogen, alkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) and alkoxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>); R<sub>5</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>), alkenyl(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>),  $\text{-CH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ , cycloalkyl(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)methyl,  $\text{-CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$  and  $\text{-CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCH}_3$ ; and R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>), cycloalkyl(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>),  $\text{-O-alkyl(C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{)}$ ,  $\text{-NH-alkyl(C}_1\text{-C}_3\text{)}$ ,  $\text{-N-dialkyl(C}_1\text{-C}_3\text{)}$ ,

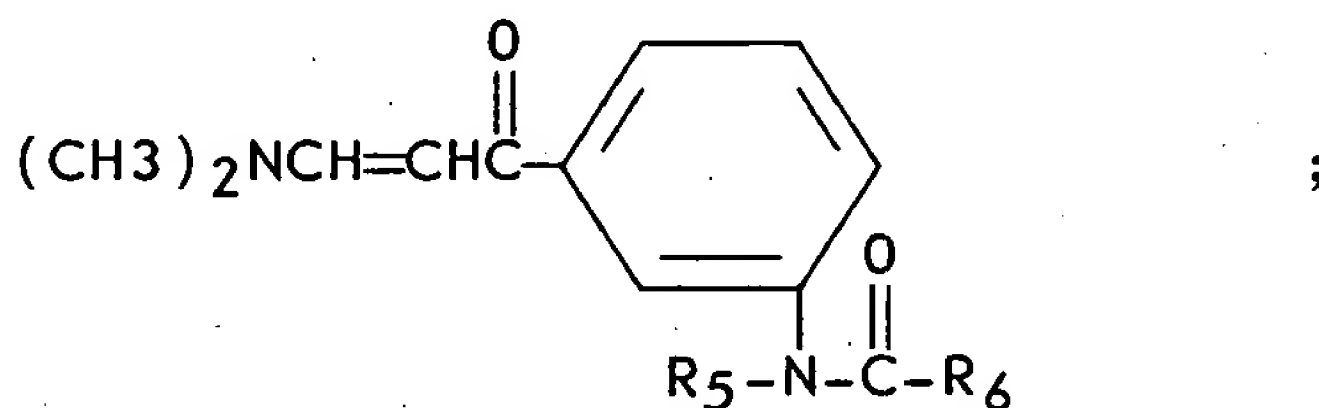
$-(CH_2)_n-O-alkyl(C_1-C_3)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-NH-alkyl(C_1-C_3)$  and  $-(CH_2)_n-N-dialkyl(C_1-C_3)$ , where  $n$  is an integer from 1 to 3 inclusive, which comprises the steps of  
(a) reacting a 1-acetylphenyl-3-amide of the formula:



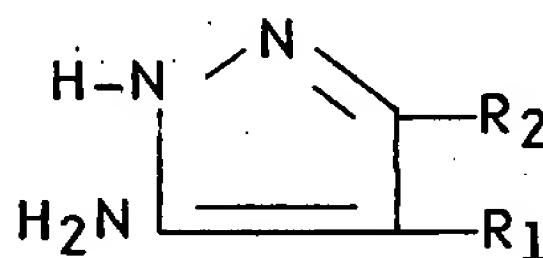
with dimethylformamide, dimethylacetal at reflux, which produces an N-[3-[3-(dimethylamino)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenyl]-alkanamide;

(b) reacting the N-[3-[3-(dimethylamino)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenyl]alkanamide with sodium hydride, which produces an anion;

(c) reacting the anion generated with an alkyl halide of the formula  $R_5-X$ , wherein  $X$  is Br or I, which produces an N-[3-[3-(dimethylamino)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenyl]-N-alkylalkanamide of the formula:



(d) reacting the N-[3-[3-(dimethylamino)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]phenyl]-N-alkylalkanamide with a 3-aminopyrazole of the formula:



in glacial acetic acid at reflux, which reaction gives the desired products.